

## 2018 Was a Year of Mixed (Market) Signals

*For the first time in nearly a decade, most major asset classes ended the year in negative territory.*

While the global equity markets enjoyed one of their best years in 2017, 2018 offered a different story, bookended by early- and late-year volatility. The last week in December, for example, saw stocks attempt a rebound from the edge of bear market territory. According to Bloomberg data, it was the first time since May 2010 that the S&P 500 had posted such a large reversal.

This year told a tale of trade conflicts with China, the intensifying Mueller investigation, geopolitical tensions, government shutdowns and the possibility of slower economic growth amid higher interest rates. While we've seen some progress on trade talks with China, there are still contentious issues to be ironed out, explains Washington Policy Analyst Ed Mills.

This is the first year in nearly a decade in which most major asset classes will end in negative territory, notes Peter Greenberger, director, Mutual Fund & 529 Plan Product Management. A particularly turbulent December brought almost daily gyrations, with the three major domestic indices ping-ponging between gains and losses.

	12/29/17 Close	12/31/18 Close	Change YTD	% Gain/Loss YTD
<b>DJIA</b>	24,719.22	23,327.46	-1,391.76	-5.63%
<b>NASDAQ</b>	6,903.39	6,635.28	-268.11	-3.88%
<b>S&amp;P 500</b>	2,673.61	2,506.85	-166.76	-6.24%
<b>MSCI EAFE</b>	2,050.79	1,719.94	-330.85	-16.13%
<b>Russell 2000</b>	1,535.51	1,348.56	-186.95	-12.18%
<b>Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond</b>	2,046.37	2,046.60	+0.23	+0.01%

<b>Index</b>				
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Performance reflects price returns as of 4:30 ET on December 31, 2018.

Here is a look at what's happening in the economy and capital markets, as well as key factors we are watching:

### *Economy*

- Recent economic data reports have remained consistent with relatively strong growth and contained inflation, according to Raymond James Chief Economist Scott Brown. Growth is expected to moderate in 2019, and there are some potential headwinds, including trade policy, slowing global growth, Brexit, Italy and the Mueller investigation.
- The Federal Reserve (Fed) raised short-term interest rates four times in 2018. Future policy moves will remain data-dependent, but the pace of rate increases is expected to slow in 2019.

### *Equities*

- The broad market S&P 500 is approaching bear market territory as defined by a 20% decline.
- However, Mike Gibbs, managing director of Equity Portfolio & Technical Strategy, believes economic growth, the jobs market, leading indicators and corporate profits all support non-recessionary conditions.
- This year, earnings are set to grow by a very strong 22.2%, and Gibbs expects to see 5-6% growth in 2019.

### *Fixed Income*

- It's likely that the bond market will continue to react to market conditions, and investors can expect some volatility in the near future. For November, the yield went from 3.13% to 2.99% and was hovering around 2.81% toward the end of the year, points out Doug Drabik, senior fixed income strategist.
- The 2- to 10-year Treasury spread has shown little movement. But Drabik notes that the 1-to-5-year part of the Treasury curve is extremely flat to slightly inverted. Of greater significance is the flattening of the 3-month bill to 10-year Treasury, in his view.
- The volatility can be largely attributed to the Fed's short-term rate hikes as well as the flight-to-quality as investors move from equities into bonds.

- During times of greater volatility, adhering to a long-term plan can be helpful. Laddered maturity investing across the yield curve may provide the advantages of optimizing long-term income while mitigating interest rate risk.

### *International*

- Markets outside the U.S. also struggled in December, although, on average, not to the same degree. This partially reflected poorer performances earlier in the year, but also reflected some further signs that the dollar may have peaked against its other major currency peers, explains European Strategist Chris Bailey. This currency shift could influence the direction of future investment flows as many investors cut their allocations to emerging markets and Europe in the past couple of years due to the strength of the dollar.
- In the U.K., the Brexit debate remains complicated and still has multiple end scenarios, but more recent conversations have again focused on the need to find a compromise deal. Meanwhile in the Eurozone, an agreement was reached between the European Commission and the Italian government over the latter's budget for 2019. This enshrined a greater use of fiscal policy measures, a point also apparent in new policies introduced by President Macron of France that appear to have helped quell recent significant public demonstrations in the country.
- Chinese policymakers appear more focused on building on the better tone around global trade negotiations by restarting purchasing of important commodities such as soybeans (from the U.S.) as well as seemingly committing themselves to more reform measures such as opening up more product markets to more competition. There were also signs of new fiscal policy stimulus measures in China as well as elsewhere in the region in Japan.

### *Bottom Line*

- If we were to slip into a bear market right now, Gibbs expects it to be non-recessionary. Keep in mind that non-recessionary bear markets have typically rebounded to new highs twice as quickly as recessionary bear markets.
- Investors should remain steadfast in the face of headlines that may cause market gyrations. Investing is a long-term endeavor and should be viewed as such, Greenberger notes.

We will continue to monitor economic developments and breaking headline news and will keep you updated with the most relevant information.

I'll be in touch soon to answer any questions you may have about the markets or any other financial matter. I look forward to speaking with you.

If you'd like to discuss your plan – or have any other questions or concerns – please give me a call.

Sincerely,



Robert V. Grillo, Sr., CFP®  
REGISTERED PRINCIPAL  
[Bob.Grillo@RaymondJames.com](mailto:Bob.Grillo@RaymondJames.com)

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115 E. Putnam Ave.  
3<sup>rd</sup> Floor  
Greenwich CT 06830

570 Lexington Ave  
Site 1600  
New York, NY 10022

175 Southwest 7th Street  
Suite 1900  
Miami, FL 331310